Accepting the Unacceptable

How to integrate components of ACT in psychotherapy of individuals with PTSD after childhood sexual abuse

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Dialectical Behavior Therapy (DBT)

Stage I: Severe Behaviour Dyscontrol

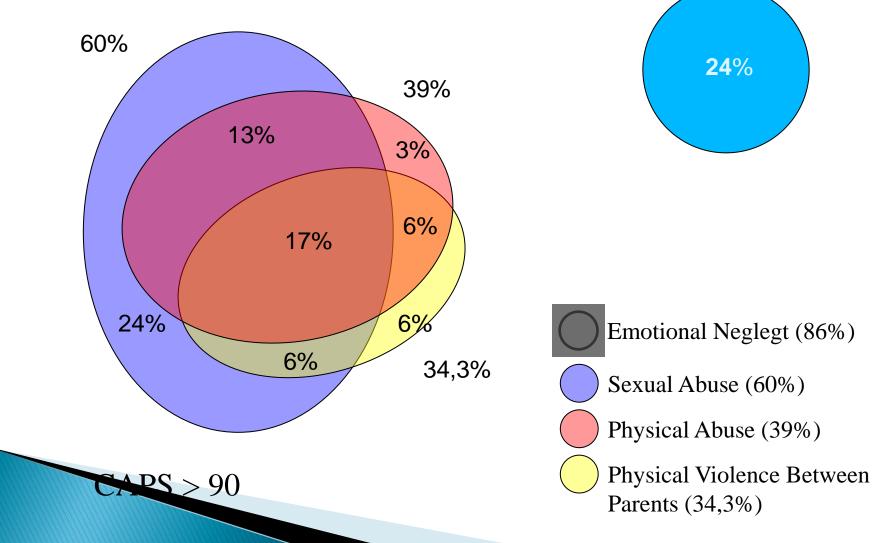
Stage II: Pervasive Axis I Disorders
PTSD; Eating Disorders; Substance Abuse

- Stage III: Towards a Live Worth Living
 - Live Balance



Averse Childhood Experience in BPD

N=285 (Freiburg- Mannheim Borderline Study)



Complex PTSD

- Intrusions
- Hypererreactivity
- Avoidance
- Severe Problems in Emotion Regulation
 - Shame, Guilt, Disgust
- Negative Self-concept
- Negative Body-concept
- Relationship problems

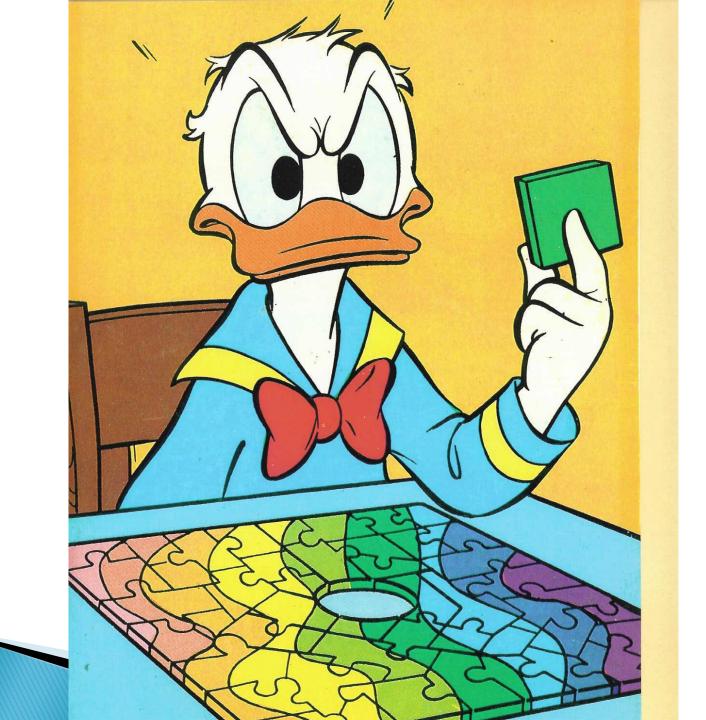
Overview

- Do we really need a new treatment?
- Which problems have to be solved?
- How to composite a treatment
- How effective is the treatment?
- How save is the treatment?
- Further proceedings

Why is this treatment needed?

Established Psychosocial Treatments- Exclusion Criteria

- Zlotnick et al., 1997: Skills-Group
 - Substance Abuse; Severe Dissociation ES 0.7
- Cloitre et al., 2002: (STAIR plus PE)
 - Eating Disorders, Substance Abuse, Severe Dissociation, BPD; Suicide Attempts. CAPS 69; ES1.7
- Chard et al., 2005 (CPT)
 - Substance Abuse; Suicidality; (CAPS 65); ES 2.7
- McDonagh et al., 2005 (EBT; Problem-Solving)
 - Suicide attempt history, substance abuse (CAPS 69); ES 0,7
- Resick et al., 2008 (CPT)
 - Suicidality (CAPS 65) ES 1,68
- Cloitre et al., 2010; (STAIR plus PE)
 - Incl. BPD did not report (CAPS 62) ES 2.3



We do need a treatment which

- Focusses on traumatic experience
- Not excluding
 - Highly dissociative features
 - Suicidality
 - Self-harm
 - Current Substance Abuse
 - Eating Disorders
 - Should work for CAPS > 90

What are the core problems?

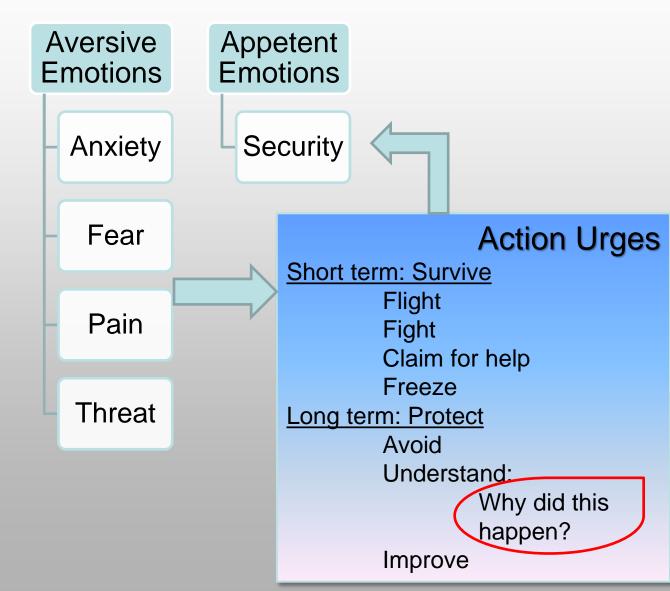
Early Traumatic Life Experiences

Interpersonal Violence

Emotional Neglect



Self-protective system

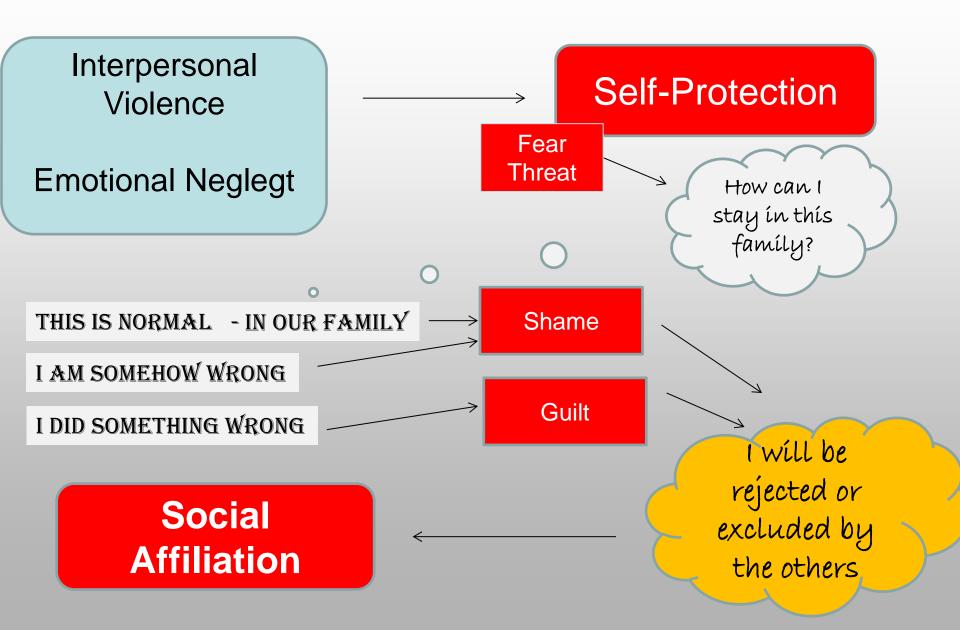


But what is the real problem?

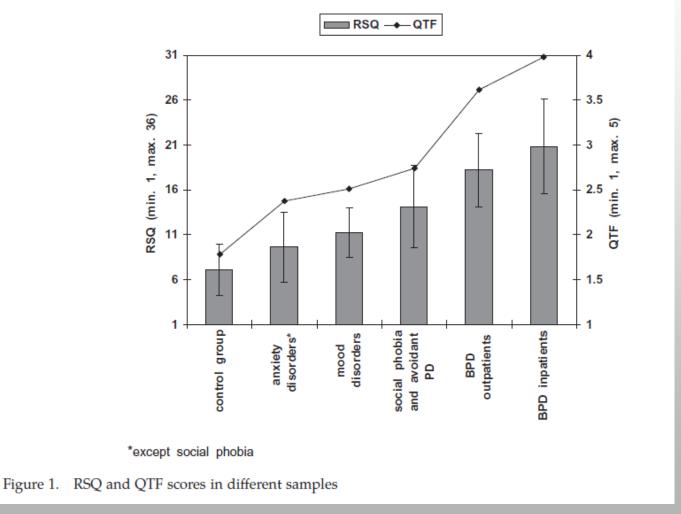
- You have to stay in this family
- You have to keep attached to your family
- You have to love your father (mother)

• How to manage this problem?

It`s all up to YOU!

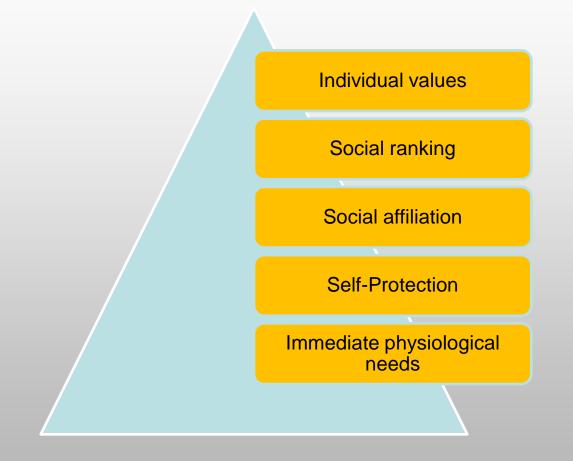


Rejection Sensitivity in Different Patient Populations



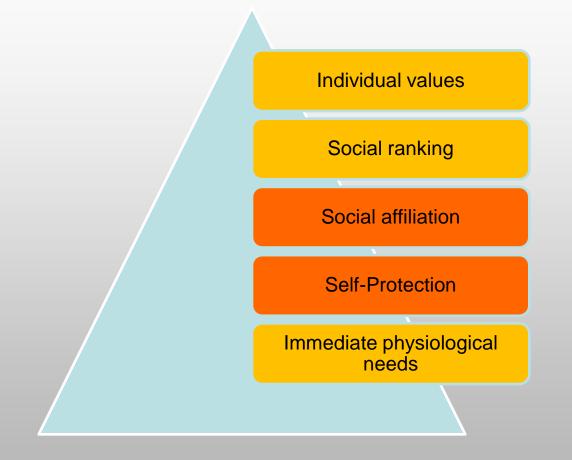
Stäbler et al., 2011

Basic human needs



Kenrick et al., 2010; nach Maslow, 1949

Basic human needs



Kenrick et al., 2010; nach Maslow, 1949

How to control a social environment which is assumed to be unpredictable, unsecure and potentially rejecting you

AND

meet your individual

values and aims?

How to control a social environment which is assumed to be unpredictable, unsecure and potentially rejecting you

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Established strategies

Sense of control

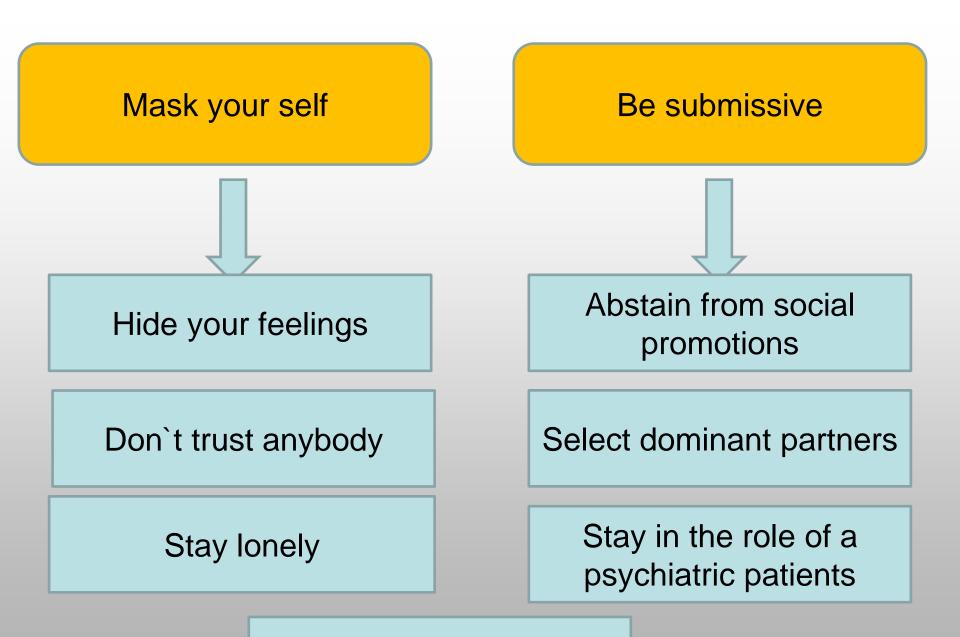
I am responsible for that what had happened

If I hide how bad I am, I will stay with my peers

Mask your self

If I behave adequately, it will not happen again

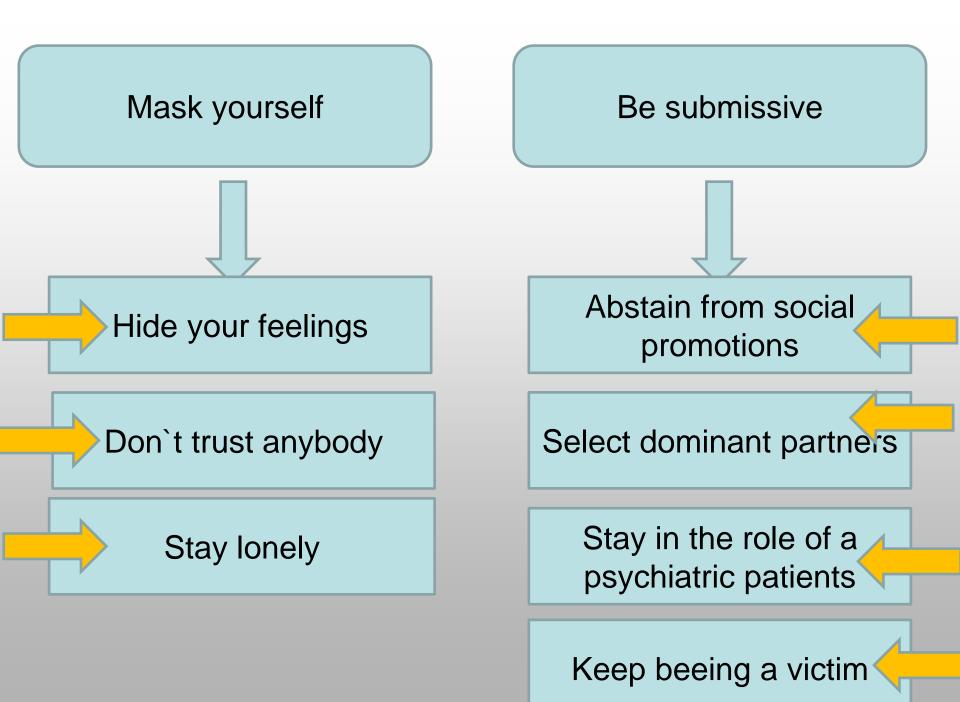
Be submissive



Keep beeing a victim

Sense of control

How to gain control by less costy, new strategies?



Sense of control

I am responsible for that what had happened

If I do not hide how bad I am, I will not stay with my peers

Mask yourself

If I do not behave adequately, it will happen again

Be submissive

Sense of control

I am responsible for that what had happened

If I hide how bad I am, I will stay with my peers

Mask yourself

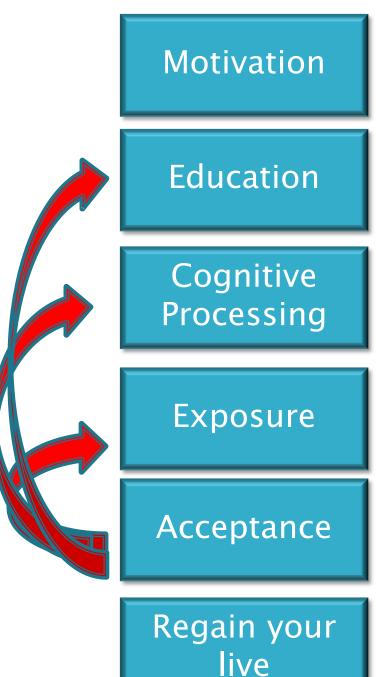
If I behave adequately, it will not happen again

Be submissive

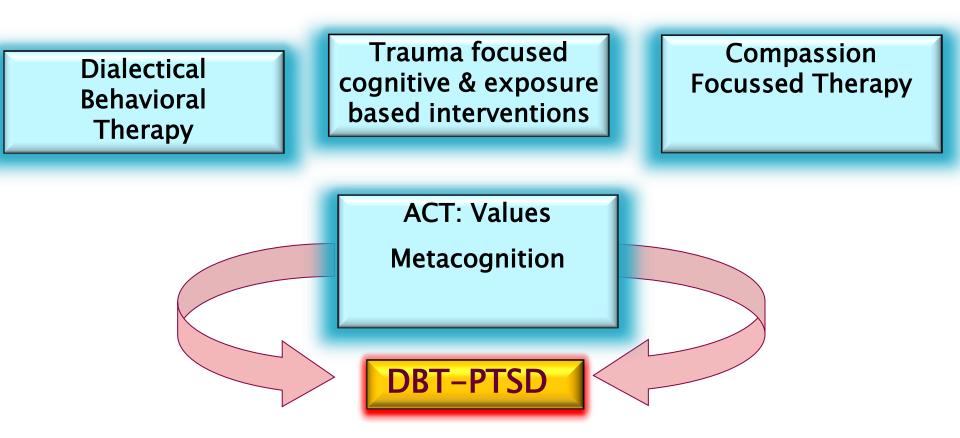
Acceptance of the unacceptable: It just happened It was not my fold

DBT-PTSD: Basics and Principles

DBT-PTSD: Core Modules

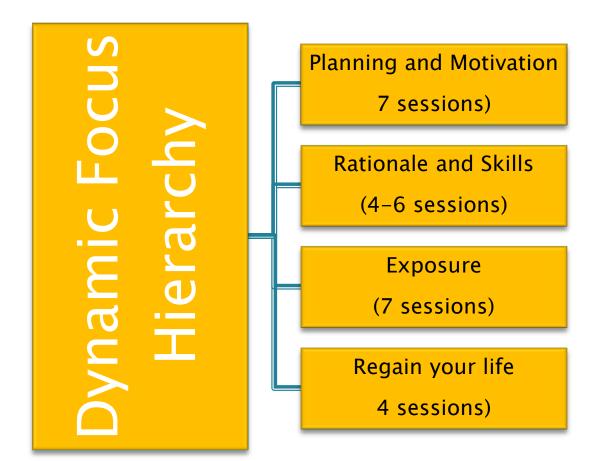


DBT-PTSD: Sources



12 weeks residential treatment program

Matrix-Structure

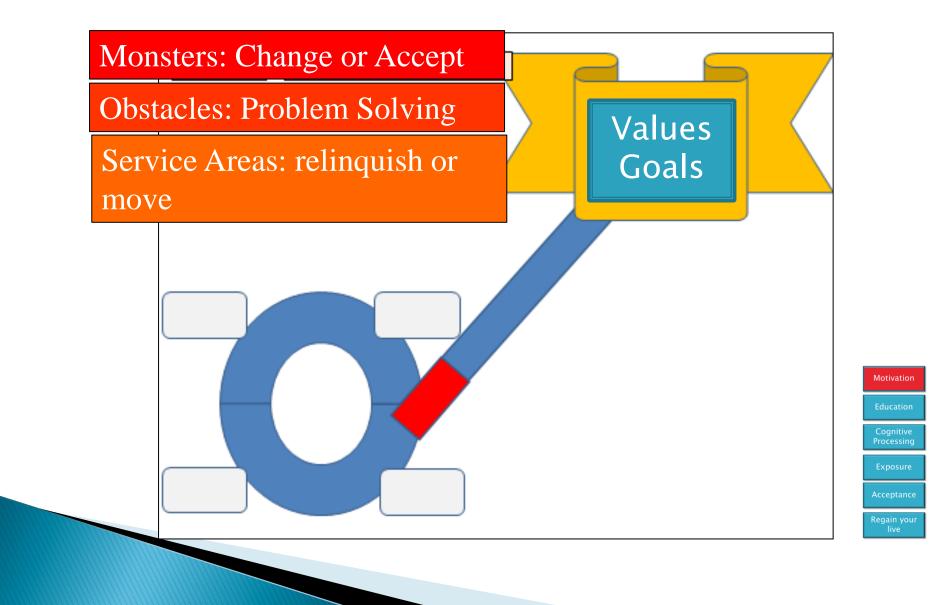


Dynamic Hierarchy I

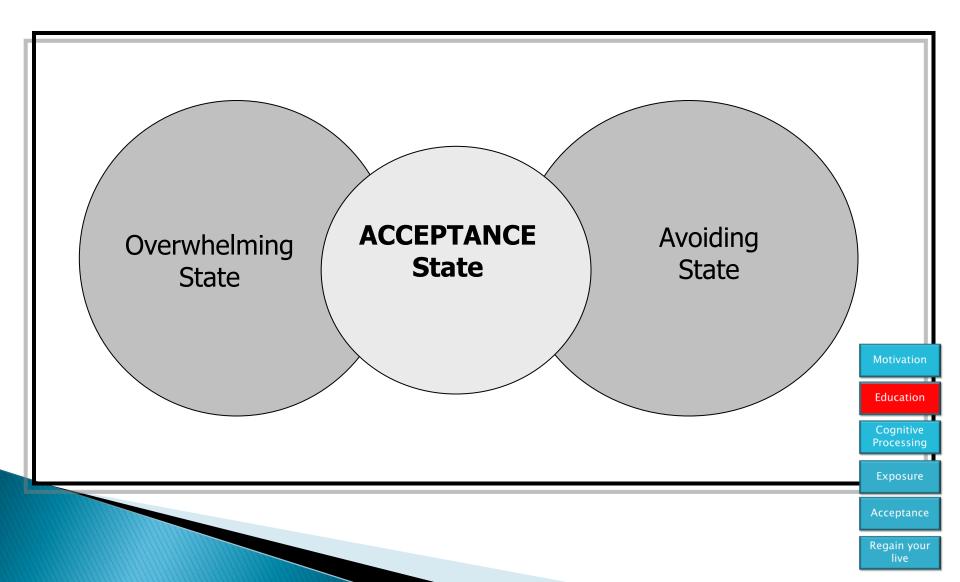
- Crisis generating behaviour
- Therapy intervening behaviour
 - (maintainance of therapy)
 - (progress of therapy)

Goal attainment inhibiting behavior

Individual Values and Goals



Education

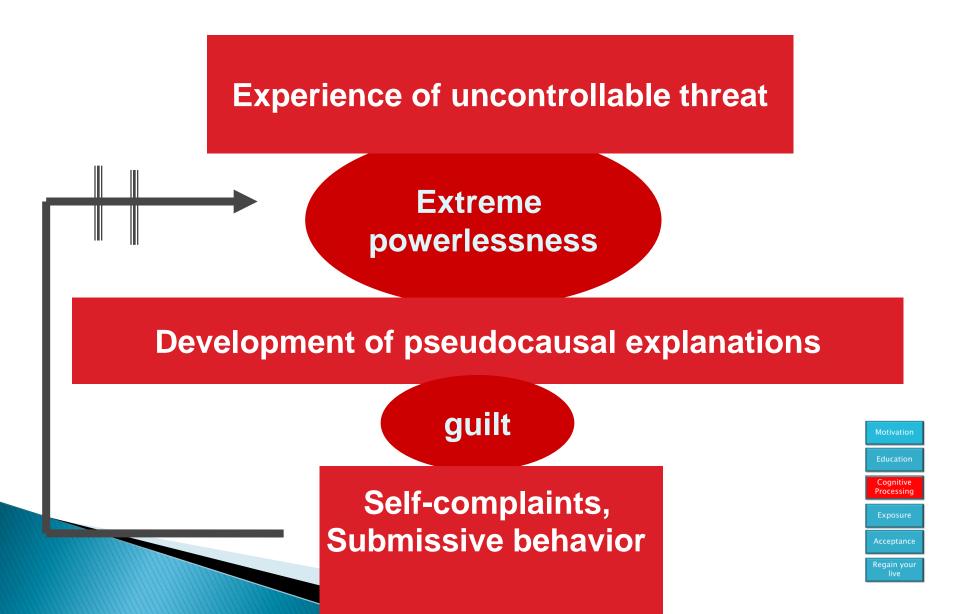


Cognitive Processing

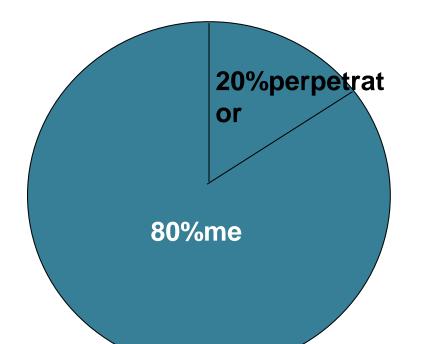
- Guilt
- Shame
- Self-Contempt
- Unpredictability



Pathological Guilt



How to work on guilt



Circle of responsibilities

Cognitive Processin

How to work on guilt

- How exactly did you persuade your father to have sex with you?
- What exactly did you do to seduce him?
- How exactly did you ask him to hurt you?
- Would all fathers in the world react the same?

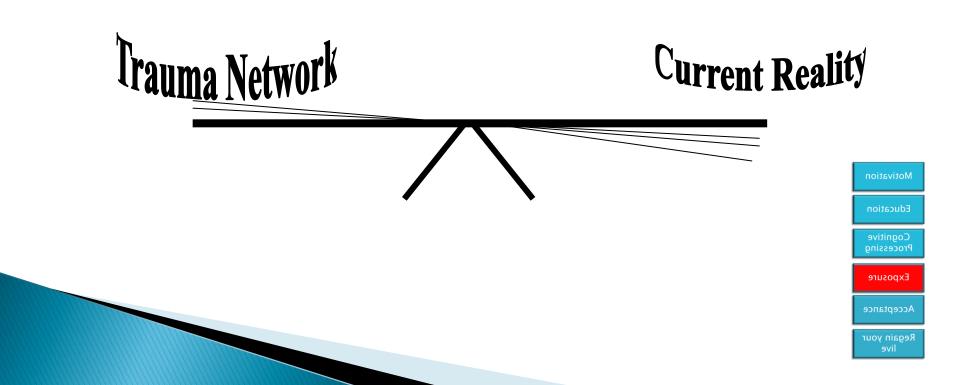
Exposure

Skills assisted Exposure

- Stepwise approach:
 - 1) Trauma-Report
 - 2) Writing; Reading alone; Reading to therapist
 - 3) in sensu-acitvation
 - 4) In-vivo-Exposition (facultative)



Skills assisted exposure

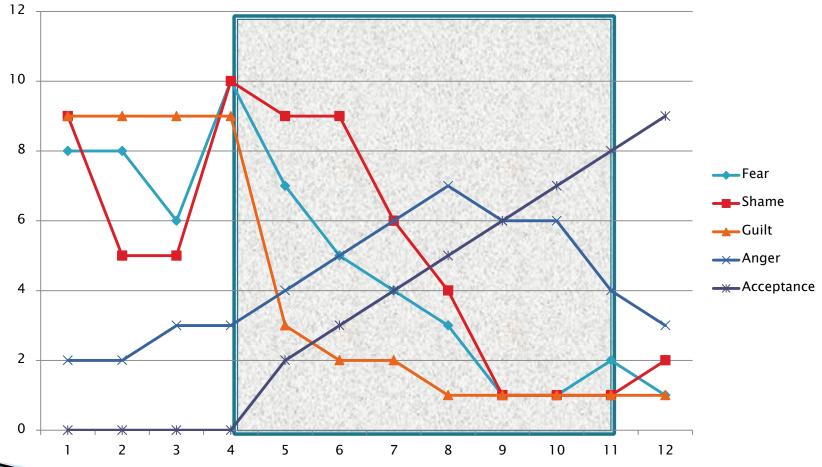


Acceptance

- Writing
- Reading
- Reporting



Differentiated clinical monitoring



DATA

RCT Design

DBT-PTSD

Follow Up

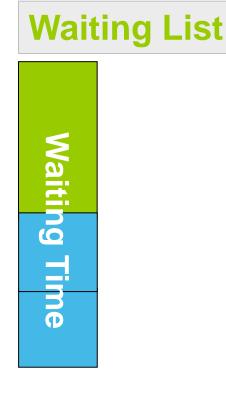
Treatment Group

t1 time of randomization

t2 discharge / 3 months waiting

t3 6 weeks FU / 4.5 months waiting

t4 3 months FU / 6 months waiting



t5 6 months FU

N=64 (n = 32 in each group)

Participants (N=82)

	TG (N=36)	WL (N=38)
Age M (SD)	35.14 (10.60)	36.71 (9.84)
Start of sexual abuse M (SD)	7.56 (4.09)	7.59 (4.10)
Duration > 5 years M (SD) CAPS total score M (SD) Axis-I diagnosis acute M (SD)	48.4% 88.19 (13.93) 3.03 (1.03)	44.1% 82.79 (18.31) 3.00 (1.16)
BPD criteria M (SD)	4.18 (1.66)	3.94 (2.07)
≥ 5 BPD criteria	N=17 (47%)	N=16 (44%)

not in analyses: 8 patients

WL: 1 non-starter,

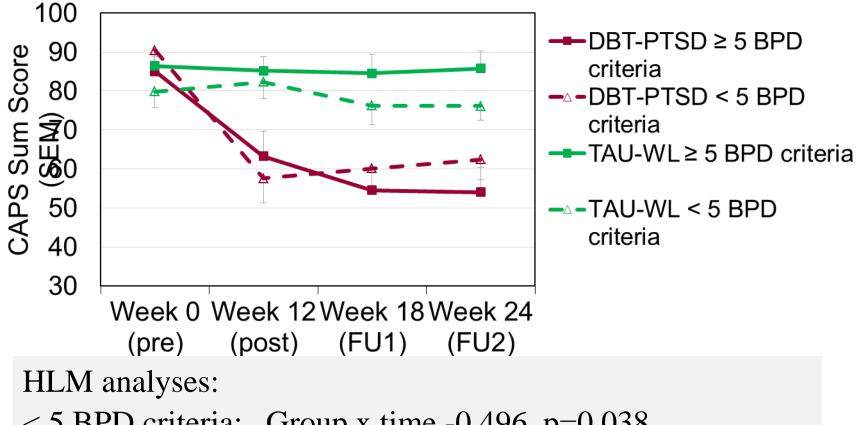
TG: 3 non-starter, 4 patients have been excluded within first days because of meeting exclusion criteria

patients with missing data in LOCF-analyses:

WL: 2 potients did not complete t2-t4 assessments, 2 patients did not complete t3-t4 assessment

TG: 2 patients dropped. treatment (2.5%); 2 patients did not complete t4 assessments

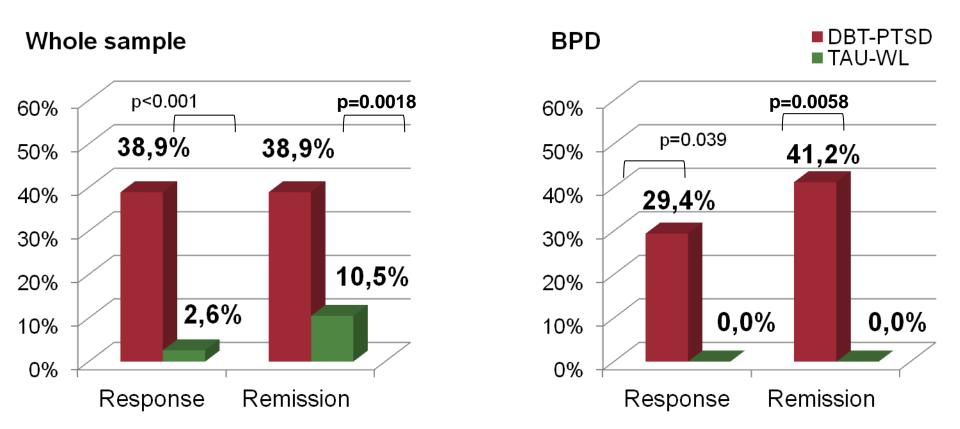
Results: CAPS - index (ITT)



< 5 BPD criteria: Group x time -0.496, p=0.038, Hedges g=1.17 (Completer 1.34) \geq 5 BPD criteria: Group x time -1.510, p<0.0001, Hedges g=1.50 (Completer 1.86)

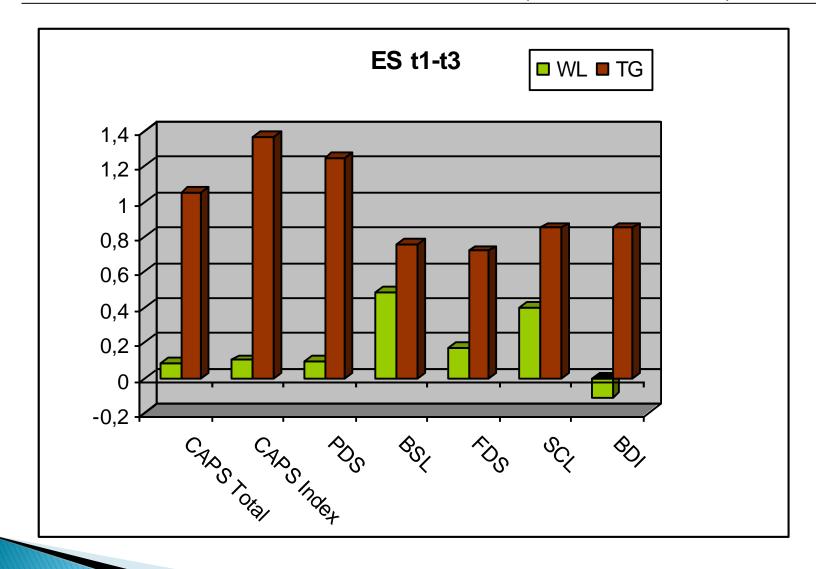
No $\frac{1}{1}$

Response & Remission



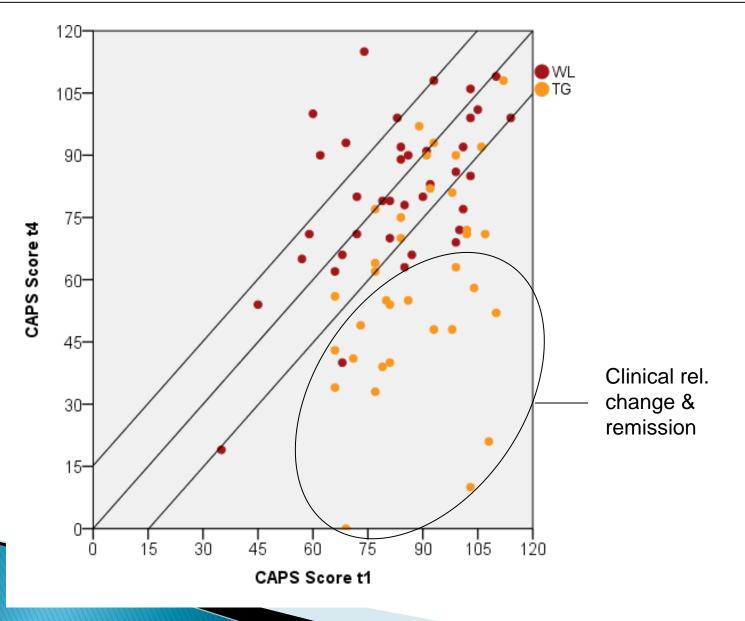
Response: reduction of at least 30 points in the CAPS score Remission-pot meeting DSM-IV PTSD criteria any more

RCT results: effect sizes (Cohen's d)



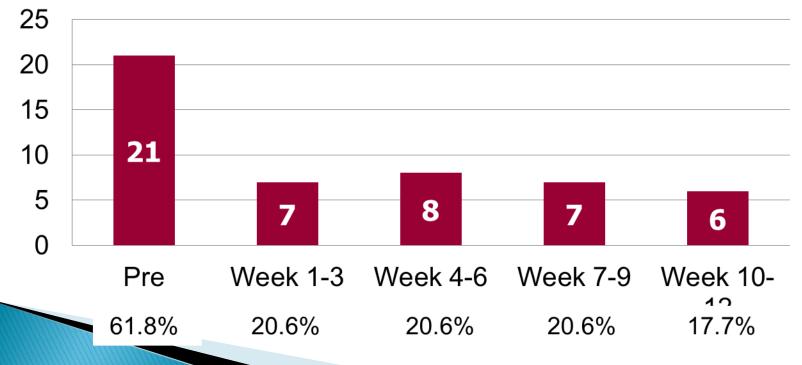
Savety Issues

RCT results: Clinical reliable change

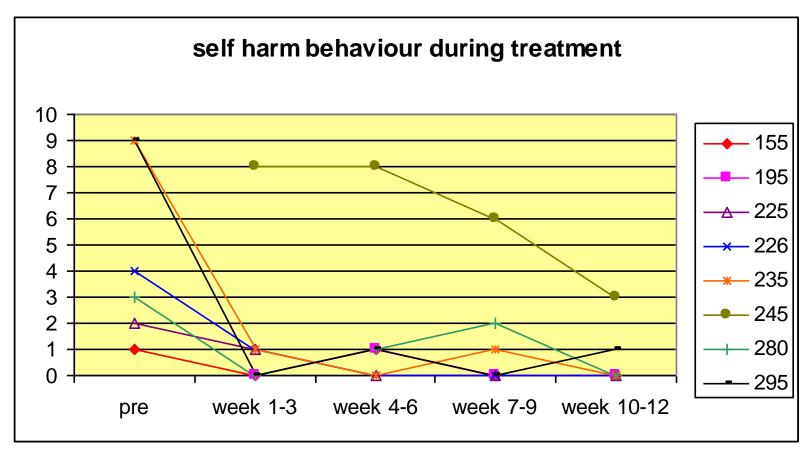


Safety issues: Self-harming behavior

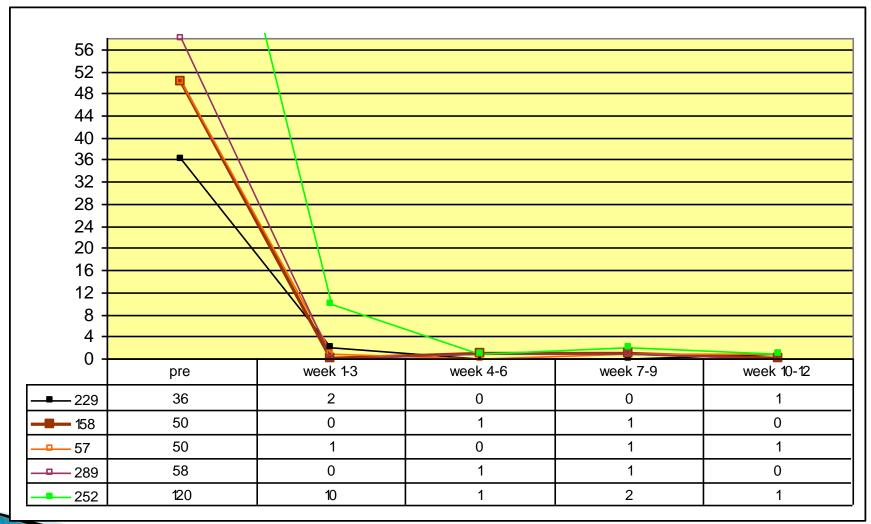
Number of patients with self-harming behavior in the DBT-PTSD group (n=36)



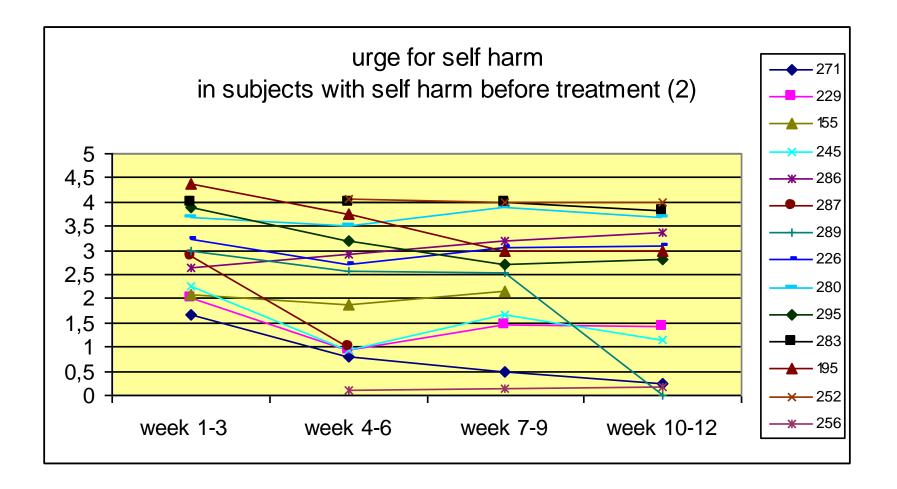
Safety issues: actual self-harm behavior (1)



Safety issues: actual self-harm behavior (2)



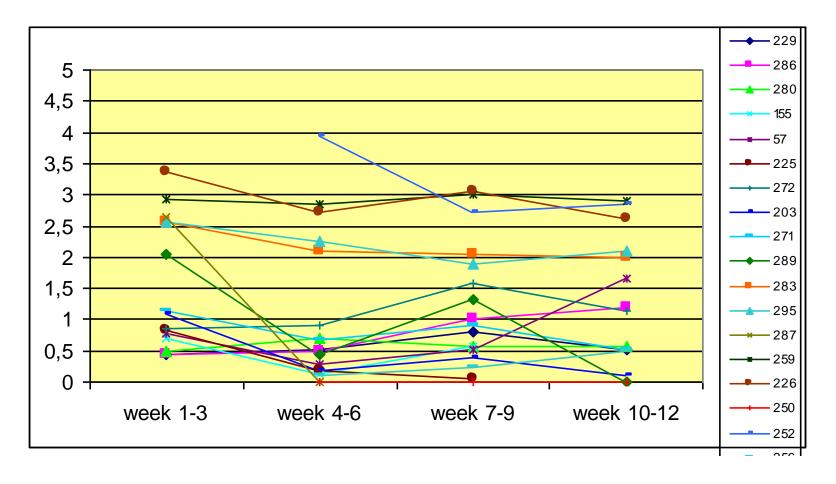
urge for self-harm behaviour (2)



Most patients show no change in their urge for self harm behavior,

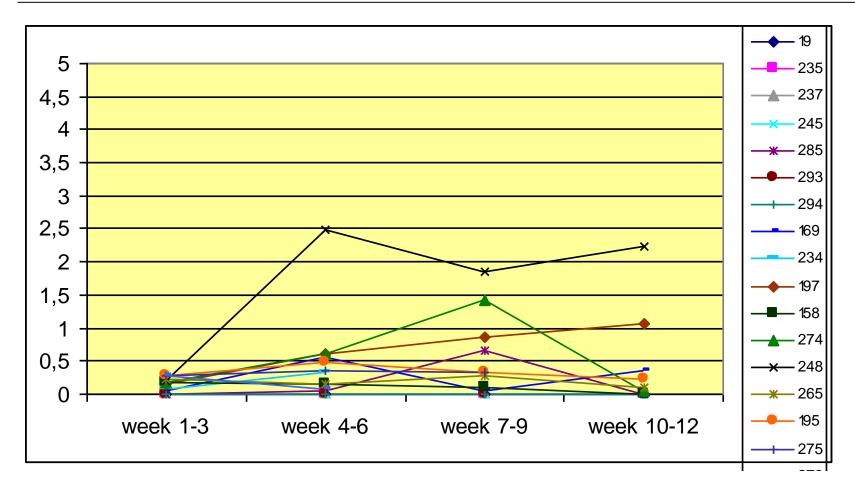
One panet shows a clear decrease.

Suizidal ideation (2)



There is no change in suicidale ideation observable.

Suizidale ideation (1)



Most patients show no change in their suicidale ideation,

one patient shows an increase.

Conclusions

Evidence for the effectiveness of the residential treatment program DBT-PTSD for patients with PTSD after CSA with and without BPD on all primary and secondary endpoints.

New treatment is safe, no adverse events.

Blending components of different treatment programs seems to be well accepted

THANK YOU!

Lets overcome the dysfunctional culture of psychotherapy branding

THANK YOU!



4th International Congress on Borderline Personality Disorder and Allied Disorders

Bridging the Gap – from Basic Science to Treatment Implementation

8 – 10 September 2016 University of Vienna // Vienna, Austria